

## I CLAIM:

1. A combustion system, comprising a fuel mixture of oxygen and hydrogen, wherein combustion temperature is at least partially controlled with the addition of water to combustion.
- 5 2. The system of claim 1, wherein the steam produced by combustion turns at least one steam turbine, and wherein  
said steam turbine(s) turn a generator to create electrical energy.
3. A combustion system, comprising a fuel mixture of oxygen and hydrogen, wherein:  
the exhaust of combustion turns at least one steam turbine which turns a generator,  
10 wherein electrical energy is created
4. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein mechanical rotating energy is created by said combustion system, and wherein  
said mechanical rotating energy turns a generator to create electrical energy.
5. The system of claim 3, wherein the combustion temperature is at least partially  
15 controlled with the addition of water to combustion.
6. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein nitrogen or argon is in said fuel mixture.
7. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein air is at least partially used instead of oxygen.
8. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein at least a portion of the steam produced by combustion is converted to hydrogen by the corrosion of at least one metal.
- 20 9. The system of claim 8, wherein the production of hydrogen is increased by an electrical current in said metal(s).
10. The system of claims 8 or 9, wherein said hydrogen is at least partially used as fuel in said combustion system.
11. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein a generator turns due to the movement of air or  
25 water, and wherein  
said generator creates electrical energy, and wherein  
said electrical energy is at least partially utilized in the electrolysis of water to hydrogen and oxygen, and wherein  
at least a portion of said hydrogen and/or oxygen is used as fuel in said combustion  
30 system.

12. The system of claims 2, 3 or 4, wherein said electrical energy is at least partially used in the electrolysis of water to hydrogen and oxygen.

13. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein a photovoltaic cell creates electrical energy, and wherein

5                   said electrical energy is at least partially used in the electrolysis of water to hydrogen and oxygen, and wherein

                  at least a portion of said hydrogen and/or oxygen is used as fuel in said combustion system.

14. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein at least a portion of the energy of combustion  
10 powers at least a portion of a cryogenic air separation system.

15. The system of claim 14, wherein nitrogen from said cryogenic air separation is used to cool any portion of: said cryogenic air separation system, the storage of oxygen, the storage of hydrogen, electrolysis, coolant for said combustion system, said combustion system and any combination thereof.

15           16. The system of claim 14, wherein nitrogen from said cryogenic air separation is at least partially used to cool air or water.

17. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein at least a portion of the energy of combustion powers at least a portion of an air membrane separation system.

18. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein at least a portion of the energy of combustion  
20 powers at least a portion of an air PSA separation system.

19. The system of claims 14, 17 or 18, wherein air is separated into at least one of enriched oxygen, pure oxygen and very pure oxygen.

20. The system of claim 19, wherein argon is substantially removed from said oxygen.

21. The system of claim 20, wherein at least a portion of said oxygen is used as fuel in  
25 said combustion system.

22. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein at least one of: a corrosion inhibitor, a chelant, a dispersant and any combination therein is added.

23. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein the system is at least one of: internal combustion, heating combustion and turbine combustion.

24. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein at least one of oxygen and hydrogen is stored in  
30

a cooled gas state and/or a liquid state by liquefaction.

25. The system of claim 24, wherein compressor(s) for cooling and/or liquefaction is powered by at least one of: a fuel cell and said combustion system.

26. The system of claim 25, wherein said fuel cell is powered by hydrogen and at least one of: oxygen and air.

27. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein hydrogen and/or oxygen is stored in a mixture with frozen water crystals to form a gel.

28. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein at least one of: hydrogen, oxygen and water are preheated prior to combustion with the energy from at least one of: ambient temperature, said combustion system, said combustion system exhaust, an electrical radiant heat source and/or any combination therein.

29. The system of claim 4, wherein said mechanical rotating energy from said combustion system enters a transmission, wherein

said transmission engage in a manner that is inversely proportional to the torque and/or work output of said combustion system, wherein

said transmission output mechanical rotating energy turn said generator to create said electrical energy.

30. The system of claim 29, wherein said transmission engage a flywheel capable of storing rotational kinetic energy, wherein

said flywheel turns said generator.

31. The system of claims 29 or 30, wherein at least a portion of said electrical energy is used in the electrolysis of water to hydrogen and oxygen.

32. The system of claims 12 or 31, wherein at least a portion of said hydrogen and/or oxygen is used as fuel in said combustion system.

33. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein a pressure control device is in said combustion system exhaust.

34. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein the exhaust of said combustion is used to heat at least one of: a gas and a liquid.

35. The system of claim 34, wherein at least one of: the gas is air and the liquid is water.

36. The system of claim 35, wherein said exhaust discharge directly into said air or water.

37. The system of claims 1, 3 or 14, wherein said system is insulated.

38. The system of claim 14, wherein hydrogen is separated.

39. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein the temperature of combustion is at least partially controlled with excess air to combustion.

5 40. The system of claims 1 or 3, wherein the temperature of combustion exhaust is at least partially cooled with water.

41. A combustion engine, comprising a fuel mixture of oxygen and hydrogen, wherein combustion temperature is at least partially controlled with the addition of water to combustion.

10 42. The combustion engine of claim 41, wherein the steam produced by combustion turns at least one steam turbine, and wherein

said steam turbine(s) turn a generator to create electrical energy.

43. A combustion engine, comprising a fuel mixture of oxygen and hydrogen, wherein: the exhaust of combustion turns at least one steam turbine which turns a generator,  
15 wherein electrical energy is created

44. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein mechanical rotating energy is created by said combustion engine, and wherein

said mechanical rotating energy turn a generator to create electrical energy.

45. The combustion engine of claim 43, wherein the temperature of combustion is at  
20 least partially controlled with the addition of water to combustion.

46. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein nitrogen or argon is in said fuel mixture.

47. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein air is at least partially used instead of oxygen.

25 48. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein at least a portion of the steam produced by combustion is converted to hydrogen by the corrosion of at least one metal.

49. The combustion engine of claim 48, wherein the production of hydrogen is increased by an electrical current in the metal(s).

30 50. The combustion engine of claims 48 or 49, wherein said hydrogen is at least partially used as fuel in said combustion engine.

51. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein a generator turns due to the movement of air or water, and wherein

said generator creates electrical energy, and wherein

said electrical energy is at least partially utilized in the electrolysis of water to hydrogen and oxygen, and wherein

at least a portion of said hydrogen and/or oxygen is used as fuel in said combustion engine.

52. The combustion engine of claims 42, 43 or 44, wherein said electrical energy is at least partially used in the electrolysis of water to hydrogen and oxygen.

53. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein a photovoltaic cell creates electrical energy, and wherein

said electrical energy is at least partially used in the electrolysis of water to hydrogen and oxygen, and wherein

at least a portion of said hydrogen and/or oxygen is used as fuel in said combustion engine.

54. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein at least a portion of the energy of combustion powers at least a portion of cryogenic air separation.

55. The combustion engine of claim 44, wherein nitrogen from said air separation is used to cool any portion of: said cryogenic distillation engine, the storage of oxygen, the storage of hydrogen, electrolysis, the coolant for said combustion engine, said combustion engine and any combination therein.

56. The combustion engine of claim 54, wherein nitrogen from said cryogenic air separation is used to cool air or water.

57. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein at least a portion of the energy of combustion powers at least a portion of air membrane separation.

58. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein at least a portion of the energy of combustion powers at least a portion of an air PSA separation.

59. The combustion engine of claims 54, 57 or 58, wherein air is separated into at least one of enriched oxygen, pure oxygen and very pure oxygen.

60. The combustion engine of claim 59, wherein argon is substantially removed from

said oxygen.

61. The combustion engine of claim 59, wherein at least a portion of said oxygen is used as fuel in said combustion engine.

62. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein at least one of: a corrosion inhibitor, a chelant and a dispersant is added.

63. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein the combustion engine is at least one of: internal combustion, heating combustion and turbine combustion.

64. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein at least one of: oxygen and hydrogen is stored in a cooled gas state and/or a liquid state by liquefaction.

65. The combustion engine of claim 64, wherein compressor(s) for cooling and/or liquefaction is powered by at least one of: a fuel cell and said combustion engine.

66. The combustion engine of claim 65, wherein said fuel cell is powered by hydrogen and at least one of: oxygen and air.

67. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein hydrogen and/or oxygen is stored in a mixture with frozen water crystals to form a gel.

68. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein at least one of: hydrogen, oxygen, water and/or any combination therein are preheated prior to combustion with the energy from at least one of: ambient temperature, said combustion engine, said combustion engine exhaust, an electrical radiant heat source and/or any combination therein.

69. The combustion engine of claim 44, wherein said mechanical rotating energy from said combustion engine enters a transmission, wherein

said transmission engage in a manner that is inversely proportional to the torque and/or work output of said combustion engine, wherein

said transmission output mechanical rotating energy turn said to create said electrical energy.

70. The combustion engine of claim 69, wherein said transmission engage a flywheel capable of storing rotational kinetic energy, wherein

said flywheel turns said generator.

71. The combustion engine claims 70 or 71, wherein at least a portion of said electrical energy is used in the electrolysis of water to hydrogen and oxygen.

72. The combustion engine of claim 52 or 71, wherein at least a portion of said hydrogen and/or oxygen is used as fuel in said combustion engine.

73. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein a pressure control device is installed in said combustion engine exhaust.

5 74. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein the exhaust of said combustion is used to heat at least one of: a gas and a liquid.

75. The combustion engine of claim 74, wherein at least one of: the gas is air and the liquid is water.

10 76. The combustion engine of claim 75, wherein said exhaust discharge directly into said air or water.

77. The combustion engine of claims 41, 43 or 54, wherein said engine is insulated.

78. The combustion engine of claim 54, wherein hydrogen is separated.

79. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein the temperature of combustion is at least partially controlled with excess air to combustion.

15 80. The combustion engine of claims 41 or 43, wherein the temperature of combustion exhaust is at least partially cooled with water.

81. A method of combustion, comprising a fuel mixture of oxygen and hydrogen, wherein

20 combustion temperature is at least partially controlled with the addition of water to combustion.

82. The method of claim 81, wherein the steam produced by combustion turns at least one steam turbine, and wherein

said steam turbine(s) turn a generator to create electrical energy.

25 83. A method of combustion, comprising a fuel mixture of oxygen and hydrogen, wherein:

the exhaust of combustion turns at least one steam turbine which turns a generator, wherein electrical energy is created

84. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein mechanical rotating energy is created by said combustion engine, and wherein

30 said mechanical rotating energy turn a generator to create electrical energy.

85. The method of claim 83, wherein the combustion temperature is at least partially controlled with the addition of water to combustion.

86. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein nitrogen or argon is in said fuel mixture.

87. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein air is at least partially used instead of  
5 oxygen.

88. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein at least a portion of the steam produced by combustion is converted to hydrogen by the corrosion of at least one metal.

89. The method of claim 88, wherein the production of hydrogen is increased by an electrical current in said metal(s).

10 90. The method of claims 88 or 89, wherein said hydrogen is at least partially used as fuel in said combustion.

91. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein a generator turns due to the movement of air or water, and wherein

said generator creates electrical energy, and wherein

15 said electrical energy is at least partially utilized in the electrolysis of water to hydrogen and oxygen, and wherein

at least a portion of said hydrogen and/or oxygen is used as fuel in said combustion.

92. The method of claims 82, 83 or 84, wherein said electrical energy is at least partially used in the electrolysis of water to hydrogen and oxygen.

20 93. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein a photovoltaic cell creates electrical energy, and wherein

said electrical energy is at least partially used in the electrolysis of water to hydrogen and oxygen, and wherein

at least a portion of said hydrogen and/or oxygen is used as fuel in said combustion.

25 94. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein at least a portion of the energy of combustion powers at least a portion of cryogenic air separation.

95. The method of claim 94, wherein nitrogen from said cryogenic air separation is used to cool any portion of: said cryogenic distillation, the storage of oxygen, the storage of hydrogen, electrolysis, coolant for said combustion engine, said combustion engine and any combination  
30 thereof.



96. The method of claim 94, wherein nitrogen from said cryogenic air separation is used to cool air or water.

97. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein at least a portion of the energy of combustion powers at least a portion of a method of air membrane separation.

5 98. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein at least a portion of the energy of combustion powers at least a portion of air PSA separation.

99. The method of claim 98, wherein air is separated into at least one of enriched oxygen, pure oxygen and very pure oxygen.

100. The method of claim 98, wherein argon is substantially removed from said oxygen.

10 101. The method of claims 99, wherein at least a portion of said oxygen is used as fuel in said combustion.

102. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein at least one of: a corrosion inhibitor, a chelant, a dispersant and any combination therein is added.

15 103. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein said combustion is at least one of: internal combustion, heating combustion and turbine combustion.

104. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein at least one of: oxygen and hydrogen is stored in a cooled gas state and/or a liquid state by liquefaction.

105. The method of claim 104, wherein compressor(s) for cooling and/or liquefaction is powered by at least one of: a fuel cell and said combustion.

20 106. The method of claim 105, wherein said fuel cell is powered by hydrogen and at least one of: oxygen and air.

107. The combustion engine of claims 81 or 83, wherein hydrogen and/or oxygen is stored in a mixture with frozen water crystals to form a gel.

25 108. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein at least one of: hydrogen, oxygen and water are preheated prior to combustion with the energy from at least one of: ambient temperature, said combustion, said combustion exhaust, an electrical radiant heat source and/or any combination therein.

109. The method of claim 84, wherein said mechanical rotating energy from said combustion method enters a transmission, wherein

30 said transmission engage in a manner that is inversely proportional to the torque

and/or work output of said combustion, wherein

said transmission output mechanical rotating energy turn said generator to create said electrical energy.

110. The method of claim 109, wherein said transmission engage a flywheel capable of storing rotational kinetic energy, wherein

said flywheel turns said generator.

111. The method of claims 109 or 110, wherein at least a portion of said electrical energy is used in the electrolysis of water to hydrogen and oxygen.

112. The method of claim 111, wherein at least a portion of said hydrogen and/or oxygen is used as fuel in said combustion.

113. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein a pressure control device is installed in said exhaust.

114. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein the exhaust of said combustion is used to heat at least one of: a gas and a liquid.

115. The method of claim 114, wherein at least one of: the gas is air and the liquid is water.

116. The method of claim 115, wherein said exhaust discharge directly into said air or water.

117. The method of claims 81, 83 or 94, incorporating insulation of the method.

118. The method of claim 94, wherein hydrogen is separated.

119. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein the temperature of combustion is at least partially controlled with excess air to combustion.

120. The method of claims 81 or 83, wherein the temperature of combustion exhaust is at least partially cooled with water.

121. An apparatus performing combustion of oxygen and hydrogen in an engine; said engine apparatus comprising,

a. fuel apparatus comprising:

i. a source of oxygen flow to said engine, comprising an oxygen flow control valve and an oxygen flow sensing device sensing oxygen flow sending an oxygen flow signal proportional to oxygen flow to a

controller,

ii. a source of hydrogen flow to said engine, comprising a hydrogen flow control valve and a hydrogen flow sensing device sensing hydrogen flow sending a hydrogen flow signal proportional to hydrogen flow to a controller,

iii. a source of air flow to said engine, comprising an air flow control device and an air flow sensing device sensing air flow sending an air flow signal proportional to air flow to a controller, and

iv. a temperature measurement device measuring at least one of combustion temperature or said combustion engine temperature near said engine combustion chamber sending a temperature signal in proportion to said combustion temperature or said combustion engine temperature to a controller.

b. a coolant apparatus comprising,

i. a source of coolant flow to said engine, comprising a coolant source and a coolant flow control valve, and

ii. a source of combustion water flow to the combustion chamber of said engine, comprising a water source, a combustion water flow control valve and a water flow sensing device sensing water flow sending a combustion water flow signal proportional to water flow to a controller.

c. a control apparatus comprising at least one controller;

i. receiving said proportional flow signal for oxygen, hydrogen, air and combustion water,

ii. receiving said proportional temperature signal,

iii. receiving an external combustion signal set point,

iv. having a setpoint for the ratio of hydrogen to oxygen,

v. having a setpoint for the ratio of hydrogen to water,

vi. having a warm combustion temperature setpoint,

vii. having a coolant combustion temperature setpoint, and

viii. having a hot combustion temperature setpoint, and

said controller;

- d. said control apparatus comparing said combustion signal setpoint to said hydrogen flow signal, sending a signal to the hydrogen flow control valve in proportion to the difference in said hydrogen flow signal to said combustion signal setpoint, thereby proportioning said hydrogen flow control valve.
- e. said control apparatus comparing said hydrogen flow signal and said oxygen flow signal to the hydrogen to oxygen ratio setpoint, sending a signal to the oxygen flow control valve, thereby proportioning the oxygen flow control valve;
  - i. in the case wherein the oxygen flow control valve signal is not near 100%, sending a signal to said air flow control device closing said air flow control device.
  - ii. in the case wherein the oxygen flow control valve signal is near 100%, compare said O<sub>2</sub> flow signal and said air flow signal to said hydrogen to oxygen ratio setpoint obtaining an air flow difference, sending a proportional signal to said air flow control device that is in proportion to said difference, thereby proportioning said air flow control device.
- f. said control apparatus comparing said temperature signal to said warm temperature setpoint, said coolant temperature setpoint and said hot temperature setpoint;
  - i. in the case wherein said temperature signal is less than said warm temperature setpoint, less than said coolant temperature setpoint and less than said hot temperature setpoint, sending a signal to said combustion water flow control valve, thereby closing said combustion water flow control valve; and sending a signal to said coolant water flow control valve, thereby closing said coolant water flow control valve.
  - ii. in the case wherein said temperature signal is equal to or greater than said warm temperature setpoint, less than said coolant temperature setpoint and less than said hot temperature setpoint, sending a signal in proportion to the difference between said temperature signal and said low temperature setpoint, which obtains a hydrogen to water ratio that is

greater than said hydrogen to water ratio setpoint, to said combustion water flow valve, thereby proportioning said combustion water flow control valve; and sending a signal to said coolant flow control valve, thereby closing said coolant flow control valve.

5           iii.   in the case wherein said temperature signal is greater than said warm temperature setpoint, equal to or greater than said coolant temperature setpoint and less than said high temperature setpoint; sending a signal to said combustion water control valve that obtains a hydrogen to water ratio that is equal to said hydrogen to water ratio setpoint, thereby  
10           proportioning the combustion water control valve; and sending a signal in proportion to the difference between the temperature signal and said coolant temperature setpoint to said coolant flow control valve, thereby proportioning said coolant flow control valve.

15           iv.   in the case wherein said temperature signal is greater than said warm temperature setpoint, greater than said coolant temperature setpoint and equal to or greater than said hot temperature setpoint, sending a signal to said combustion water flow control valve, thereby opening said combustion water flow control valve 100%; and sending a signal in  
20           proportion to the difference between said temperature signal and said coolant setpoint to said coolant flow control valve, thereby proportioning said coolant flow control valve; and sending a signal to said hydrogen flow control valve, thereby closing said hydrogen flow control valve; and sending a signal to said oxygen flow control valve, thereby closing said oxygen flow control valve; and sending a signal to said air flow control  
25           device, thereby closing said air flow control device.

122.   The apparatus of claim 121, wherein the steam produced by combustion turns at least one steam turbine, and wherein

          said steam turbine(s) turn a generator to create electrical energy.

123.   The apparatus of claim 121, wherein mechanical rotating energy is created by said  
30   combustion.

124. The apparatus of claim 123, wherein said mechanical rotating energy turn a generator to create electrical energy.

125. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein nitrogen or argon is in the oxygen source.

126. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein there is no oxygen.

5 127. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein at least a portion of the steam produced by combustion is converted to hydrogen by the corrosion of at least one metal.

128. The apparatus of claim 127, wherein the production of said hydrogen is increased by an electrical current in the metal(s).

129. The apparatus of claims 127 or 128, wherein at least a portion of said hydrogen is  
10 used as fuel in said combustion.

130. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein a generator turns due to the movement of air or water, and wherein

said generator creates electrical energy, and wherein

said electrical energy is at least partially utilized in the electrolysis of water to  
15 hydrogen and oxygen, and wherein

at least a portion of said hydrogen and/or oxygen is used as fuel in said combustion.

131. The apparatus of claims 122 or 124, wherein said electrical energy is at least partially used in the electrolysis of water to hydrogen and oxygen.

132. The apparatus of claim 131, wherein at least a portion of said hydrogen and/or  
20 oxygen is used as fuel in said combustion.

133. The apparatus of claim 151, wherein a photovoltaic cell creates electrical energy, and wherein

said electrical energy is at least partially used in the electrolysis of water to hydrogen and oxygen, and wherein

25 at least a portion of said hydrogen and/or oxygen is used as fuel in said combustion.

134. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein at least a portion of the energy of combustion powers at least a portion of cryogenic air separation.

135. The apparatus of claim 166, wherein nitrogen from said cryogenic air separation is used to cool any portion of: said cryogenic distillation, the storage of oxygen, the storage of  
30 hydrogen, electrolysis, said coolant for said combustion, said combustion apparatus and any

combination therein.

136. The apparatus of claim 166, wherein nitrogen from said cryogenic air separation is used to cool air or water.

5 137. The apparatus of claim 151, wherein at least a portion of the energy of combustion powers at least a portion of air membrane separation.

138. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein at least a portion of the energy of combustion powers at least a portion of air PSA separation.

139. The apparatus of claims 134, 137 or 138, wherein air is separated into at least one of enriched oxygen, pure oxygen and very pure oxygen.

10 140. The apparatus of claim 139, wherein argon is substantially removed from said oxygen.

141. The apparatus of claim 140, wherein at least a portion of said oxygen is used as fuel in said combustion.

15 142. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein at least one of: a corrosion inhibitor, a chelant, a dispersant and any combination therein is added.

143. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein at least one of: oxygen and hydrogen is stored in a cooled state or in a liquid state by liquefaction.

144. The apparatus of claim 143, wherein compressor(s) for cooling and/or liquefaction is powered by at least one of: a fuel cell and said combustion apparatus.

20 145. The apparatus of claim 144, wherein said fuel cell is powered by hydrogen and at least one of: oxygen and air.

146. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein hydrogen and/or oxygen is stored in a mixture with frozen water crystals to form a gel.

25 147. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein at least one of: hydrogen, oxygen and water are preheated prior to combustion with the energy from at least one of: ambient temperature, said combustion, said combustion exhaust, an electrical radiant heat source and/or any combination therein.

148. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein mechanical rotating energy from said combustion apparatus enters a transmission, wherein

30 said transmission engage in a manner that is inversely proportional to the torque

and/or work output of said combustion, wherein

said transmission output mechanical rotating energy turn said generator to create said electrical energy.

149. The apparatus of claim 148, wherein said transmission engage a flywheel capable of  
5 storing rotational kinetic energy, wherein

said flywheel turns said generator.

150. The apparatus of claims 149 or 150, wherein at least a portion of said electrical energy is used in the electrolysis of water to hydrogen and oxygen.

151. The apparatus of claim 149, wherein at least a portion of said hydrogen and/or  
10 oxygen is used as fuel in said combustion.

152. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein a pressure control device is installed in said combustion apparatus exhaust.

153. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein the exhaust of said combustion is used to heat at least one of: a gas and a liquid.

154. The apparatus of claim 153, wherein at least one of: the gas is air and the liquid is  
15 water.

155. The apparatus of claim 154, wherein said exhaust discharge directly into said air or water.

156. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein there is no coolant and there is no coolant flow  
20 control valve.

157. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein there is no oxygen source and there is no oxygen flow measurement device and there is no oxygen flow control valve.

158. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein there is no combustion water and there is no combustion water flow measurement device and there is no combustion water flow control valve.

159. The apparatus of claims 121, 122 or 134, wherein said apparatus is insulated.  
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160. The apparatus of claim 134, wherein hydrogen is separated.

161. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein the temperature of combustion is at least partially controlled with air to combustion.

162. The apparatus of claim 121, wherein the temperature of combustion exhaust is at  
30 least partially cooled with water.